

Formal Competitive Solicitation Methods

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Solicitation Methods



Overview of each method



Benefits and Considerations of Each Method



Planned Innovations for Broward County

Invitations to Bid (ITR) Benefits

Primary use

- Commodities
- Construction projects
- Selected non-professional services

Awarded on

- Responsiveness
- Responsibility
- Lowest cost

Highlights

- Majority of contracts (>80%)
- Sufficient time
- Only method DOP can approve
- Prebid conferences

Speed	No flexibility or little room for innovation
Lowest possible cost	Need adequate number of vendors to bid
Easier to solicit / award	Remedies for vendor mistakes are problematic
Transactional contract models	Commoditizes relationship
Easier contract to manage	

Considerations

Request for Proposals (RFP)

Primary Use

- Complex business needs
- Professional services e.g. A/E
- IT systems, applications, etc.
- Select construction projects e.g., Design-Build, Managing General Contractor

Awarded on Evaluation Factors

- Technical solutions and approach
- Staff experience and capability
- Reasonableness of Cost or Price
- Maintenance and Training
- Quality and past performance

Highlights

- Fewer contracts (<20%)
- Pre-proposal conferences

Benefits	Considerations
Vendor-based approach	Time and risks to vendors
Tailored and flexible results	Staff and time intensive
Innovation & best value	Vendor costs to respond
Greater contract management effort	Length of steps, time, and number of participants
Relational contract models	Relationship management

Request for Letters of Interest (RLI)

Primarily used

- Unsolicited proposals
- Select software systems
- Highly complex business problems

Awarded on Evaluation Factors

- Solution focused
- Factors other than price (similar to RFPs e.g., quality, approach, experience, etc.)
- May include pricing
- No scoring ranking only

Highlights

Value and innovation

Benefits	Considerations
Allows for diverse solutions	Must evaluate between different solutions
Enables innovation and best value	Evaluation is on full submittal and does not identify points
Uncovers emerging industry solutions	Time and risks to vendors

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Request for Qualifications (RFQs)

Primarily used:

- Develop Qualified Vendor Lists (QVLs) and Qualified Product Lists (QPLs)
- Step One of a two-step solicitation preparatory to either an ITB or RFP
- Construction, non-professional services, etc.

RFQs

Only solicits vendor qualifications

Highlights

Goods or services

Benefits	Considerations
Identifies and confirms vendor qualifications/ capabilities	Can accomplish same goal through use of ITB/RFP/RLI
Establishes firm pool of prequalified vendors	May need to open pool periodically to vendors
Shortens downstream time to source qualified vendors	May require secondary competition

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Two-Step Procurement

Primarily used:

- Design-Build (RFQ/RFP)
- Two-step construction (RFQ/Bid)
- Complex projects

Two-Step

- Hybrid (can use various combinations)
- Only qualified vendors move forward
- Allows vendor qualification first, then submit price or detailed project information

Highlights

- Step One Use RFP, RLI or RFQ
- Step Two Use an ITB or RFP

Benefits	Considerations
Both lowest possible cost and flexibility	Potential additional time with multiple solicitations
Best elements of both bids and negotiations	Reduces needless work by vendors to produce price proposals if qualified
Allows performance based requirements	Staff and time intensive
Do not need specs to support price-based award	Need adequate number of vendors
Understand vendor innovation capabilities	

Plan for Innovations

RFP Business Process Re-engineering

Procurement Innovation Council

Vendor Management Office

Strategic Sourcing Tools and Program

Procurement Manual

Vendors Manual

Structured Delegations and Standards

Staff Procurement Certification

Vendor Ready Certification

Questions

And ...

Happy National Procurement Month!